

National Intelligence Daily

Saturday 30 April 1983

Top Secret

CPAS NID 83-102JX

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30 April 1983

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SURINAME: Friction in the Regime		
The increased political infighting between to supporting the fragile regime of Army Comman provoke a government crisis.	he two leftist parties der Bouterse may	25X1
The party that includes People's Mobilization reportedly opposes the plans of pro-Bouterse Figure 1. Party to reconcile with the Dutch and to limit Compared 2.	Prime Minister Alibux's	
Suriname.		25X1 25X1
Comment: Sital, who is a Marxist, is widely Havana's choice as Suriname's eventual ruler. sponsored him since 1980. Sital's control of the armed power base and offers him an opportuni support.	The Cubans have e militia gives him an	2 5 X1
Sital and his supporters may intend to make Bouterse's military backers are aware of their a move to thwart them. In August 1980 Bouterse charges of plotting a coup with Cuba's complici	imbitions and could imprisoned Sital on	
The Cubans evidently are becoming alarme If Alibux's party prevails, the regime probably w cautious policy toward Havana—especially in vi concerns. If Sital's influence prevails, however,	ed about the situation. yould follow a more liew of Brazil's recent	25X1
radicalization of Suriname is likely.		25X1
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USSR-SYRIA: Soviet Military Presence	
The more prominent Soviet military presence in Syria is predefensive claims from Damascus about the limits of the USS	prompting SR's role
Total Total Damasous about the limits of the Dag	on s tole.
Av E vital and a second	
An English-language Syrian newspaper on Wednesday i Pakistani article on the Soviet military presence in Syria. It r	ran a
Pakistani claim that the USSR's involvement was justified a	nd stated
Syria shared this view. The article also noted, however, that presence should not be prolonged and that the Syrian milita	this
eventually replace the Soviets and allow them to return hom	ie.
The newspaper account of the USSR's role underscores	Syrian
sensitivity to charges of having become a Soviet outpost in the East. At the same time, however, the heightened tension bet	ne Middle
Syria and Israel reinforce the continuing importance to Dama	ascus of
its military ties to Moscow.	

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CANADA-US: Opposition to Cruise-Missile Testing	
Opponents of cruise-missile testing in Canada probably will	
exploit an inaccurate Canadian press report that the US no longer considers the program necessary.	25X1
The story was carried on Thursday in the influential Montreal daily Le Devoir, which attributed it to sources "close to the US Geneva negotiating team." US officials are said to have told a correspondent who had accompanied Prime Minister Trudeau to Washington that the testing program is nearly complete and that "testing in Canada will not change anything."	25X1
Comment: Despite the official US caution that the article is entirely inaccurate, the story is likely to cause more trouble for the Canadian Government. Public opposition to testing has become increasingly strident—over 100,000 demonstrated against it in Toronto and Vancouver last weekend—and many of these opponents are unlikely to believe the US denial.	25 X 1
Nevertheless, the government—which this week reaffirmed its support for US initiatives in both Parliament and during discussions in Washington—probably will stand by its earlier commitment to weapons testing. It is likely to defend it as a part of Canada's contribution to NATO.	25 X 1
Until now most of the Canadian press has rejustantly endorsed	

Until now, most of the Canadian press has reluctantly endorsed Ottawa's claim that the test program is necessary because of the intransigence of Soviet disarmament negotiators at Geneva. Editorial support also has been encouraged by official US insistence on the need for testing. The article in *Le Devoir* may undercut support in the media for testing and become a rallying point for the growing number of antitesting groups in Canada.

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FRANCE: Limited Domestic Unrest

FRANCE: Limited Domestic Offest
Recent nationwide demonstrations and a surge in Corsican terrorist activity pose serious problems for the government but do not threaten its stability.
Disparate groups of students and medical personnel are protesting against new test requirements, a reorganization of the state-run hospital system, and other reforms. The protestors, however, are not challenging the authority of the state or demanding a wholesale reversal of the government's domestic policy.
The US Embassy reports farmers' demonstrations are aimed at stiffening the government's position in negotiations within the EC. They are demanding a revision of the Community's price system for agricultural products, which they say makes French products less competitive.
Corsican nationalists are claiming credit for some 15 bombings yesterday in major French cities. The attacks are the first by Corsicans on the French mainland since President Mitterrand's election in 1981. They follow a crackdown on terrorist activities in Corsica.
Comment: The current unrest is not comparable to the student strikes of May 1968, which nearly toppled the government of President de Gaulle. Only the Corsican terrorists—whose goal of independence for Corsica does not have widespread support—are challenging the authority of the state, and Mitterrand is likely to respond by strengthening antiterrorist measures.
The disillusionment of many citizens over aspects of Socialist economic policies probably will not cause Mitterrand to consider abandoning the austerity program. The legitimacy of the government is not being seriously questioned.
Sporadic social and labor unrest is likely to grow, however, in part because of the government's austerity measures. Students with bleak prospects for employment may remain a particularly volatile group.

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UN: Disarmament Committee Adjourns	
The 40-member Committee on Disarmamer three-month session in Geneva, which was larg Soviets.	
The Soviets and their allies stalled the com	
Three weeks ago the committee reestablish banning chemical, nuclear, and radiological we protecting non-nuclear-weapons states from nuncling support, however, the Soviets have work on these issues, and they have continually nuclear test ban group be authorized to negotion	apons and on uclear attack. With continued to impede y demanded the
Comment: When the committee reconveners Soviets probably will be more defensive if, as so divert the attention of the chemical weapons gradiscussions of questions of verification. To do so continue to try to shift the focus by urging the chemical weapons treaty text, which the US op the US to resume bilateral talks.	eems likely, they fail to roup from detailed so, the Soviets will committee to draft a
The Soviets recently indicated some slight weapons verification, and many nonaligned del Western initiatives probably would accept any on verification. Moscow also will be likely to extest ban treaty that Sweden intends to present Moreover, with nonaligned support, the USSR committee's attention by raising outer space as	egates sympathetic to US-Soviet agreement ploit a draft nuclear this summer. could further divert the

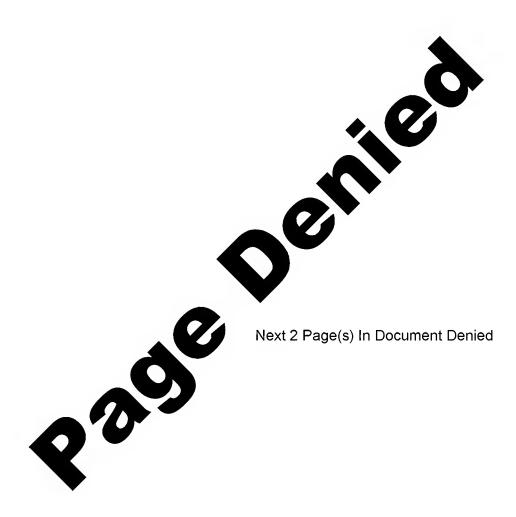
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ETHIOPIA: Military Developments		
Military activity is increasing in northern Ethiopia, be in the Ogaden is returning to normal.	but the situation	25 X 1
Since mid-April, government forces have initiated Eritrea Province. They are trying to interdict guerrilla sto improve their position around the rebel stronghold initially withdrawing, the Eritreans have launched cour	supply lines and of Nakfa. After	
slow the Ethiopian drive		25 X 1
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Comment: The government probably is preparing	a for another	
assault on Nakfa, a primary target of the unsuccessfu	l offensive last	
year.		25X1 25X1
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Despite the return of Ethiopian and Cuban units to in the Ogaden, tensions there remain, and more clash at any time. During the recent fighting, the Cuban for followed previous patterns and deployed defensively garrisons. There is no reliable evidence that any Cuba	nes could occur ces apparently around their an units were	
involved in the hostilities or that they moved into the	porder area.	25 X 1

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LERANON: Sectorion Fighting Posumos		
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ITALY Built Assess to Florida But		
ITALY: Pertini Agrees to Election Date		
President Pertini is expected to dissolve parliament to	morrow or	
Monday. He has agreed that an early general election be I	neld with	
local elections already scheduled for 26 and 27 June. Pert		
holding the two elections concurrently will enable his Socioto capitalize on its strength in local races to improve its vo	•	
general election.	ne in the	25X
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Socialist Party chief Craxi, however, remains concerne		
party's election prospects and plans a vigorous personal of		
He is particularly worried that a recent scandal in Turin wi the party, especially in several of the larger cities. Craxi pr		
concedes that a score of less than 12 percent of the vote		
general election will be seen as a Socialist defeat.		25 X
EAST GERMANY-WEST GERMANY: Summit Canceled		
East German leader Honecker's cancellation of his vis		
this year is unlikely to lead to a serious deterioration in bil		•
relations. The US Embassy reports officials in the East Ge foreign policy advisory institute yesterday played down the		
cancellation and claimed the regime wanted to conduct by		
usual with West Germany.		25X
Commant Fact Command lands as a fall to be the		
Comment : East German leaders probably decided the prospects for a successful summit were poor because of t		
publicity fostered by Franz Joseph Strauss and other cons		
West German politicians over recent border incidents. The		
Germans may have calculated that a cancellation now mig		
the Bundestag debate on foreign policy next week in Bonr		
probably hope the move will help persuade moderates in t government of the need to bring Strauss and his supporte		
control, in order to "protect" intra-German relations. East		
urgent economic needs continue to oblige it to cultivate cl	•	
relations.		25 X

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USSR-MONGOLIA-CHINA: Harder Line on Troop Withdrawals

The USSR has toughened its public position on troop withdrawals from Mongolia. Last Tuesday *Pravda* reprinted excerpts from an article in the Mongolian Communist Party newspaper criticizing Chinese efforts to persuade the Soviets to make such withdrawals. Moscow embellished the excerpts by inserting praise for its insistence that China discuss the issue directly with Mongolia. *Pravda* also used stronger language advising the Chinese that US activities in the Far East are the real threat to their security, in cautioning against collusion with Washington, and in outlining terms for improved relations with Mongolia.

Comment: The toughened language of the excerpt clearly reflects Moscow's desire to underscore its policy on matters involving third parties. At the same time, *Pravda* was careful not to close the door to the possibility of a pullout, noting that Soviet forces in Mongolia have always withdrawn as soon as circumstances have allowed. There is no indication that the increased Soviet criticism will induce Beijing to drop its preconditions for normalizing relations with Moscow or to curtail its public criticism of the USSR's foreign policy.

USSR: Sakharov May Leave

Dissident physicist Sakharov, who has been kept in isolation since 1980, has been offered a teaching position by a university in Vienna. He also is considering an earlier, unpublicized invitation from Norway to live there. Western media have linked the Austrian invitation to an earlier statement by the Soviet Minister of Justice on Swedish television that Sakharov probably would be allowed to emigrate. Ministry officials later withdrew the suggestion, noting the emigration issue was outside the competence of their office.

Comment: Soviet authorities would prefer not to appear to be encouraging Sakharov to emigrate but evidently want him to leave. They seem to want a quick disposition of several longstanding human rights cases that have attracted Western publicity. Dissident writer Georgiy Vladimov has been given his exit visa for West Germany, and the Pentecostals who left their refuge in the US Embassy are in the process of getting their visas for Israel. The Soviets apparently prefer that departing dissidents announce intended destinations other than the US.

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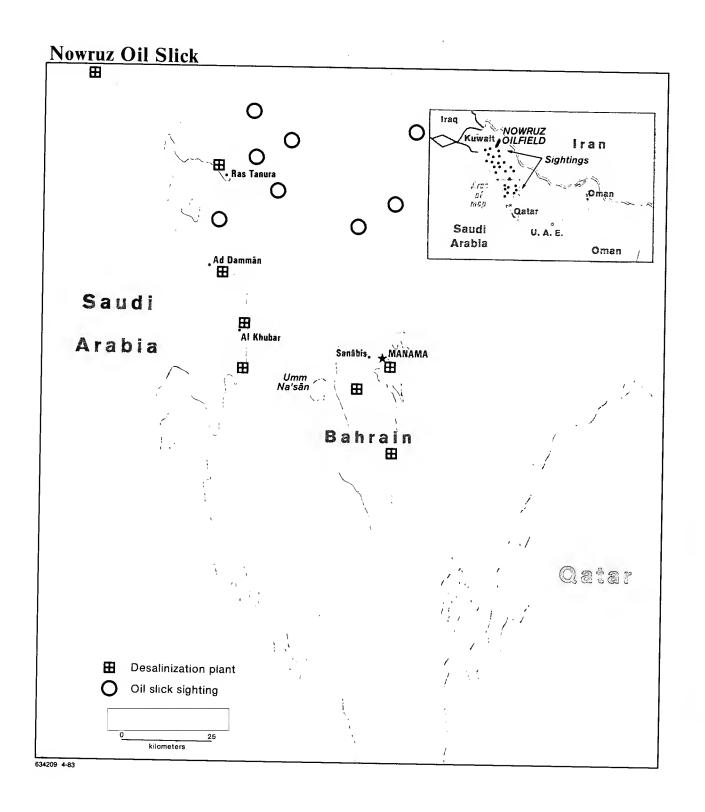
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USSR: Fast Start for Spring Grains	
The spring grain sowing campaign in the USSR is well ahead of the normal schedule. The Central Statistical Administration reports that as of Monday, 26.1 million hectares had been sown, double that of a year ago and second only to the record sown in 1975. Additional grainland is still to be planted in the European USSR and east of the Urals.	25X1
Comment: If farmers maintain this pace and complete planting ahead of schedule, chances are good that the spring crop—which usually accounts for two-thirds of total grain production—will reach the crucial flowering stage before the summer's hottest weather. Weather conditions, however, will still play the key role in determining final grain output. Even with a bumper spring grain harvest, damage already sustained by the winter grains will prevent the USSR from reaching its goal of 238 million tons this year.	25X1
SWITZERLAND-USSR: Soviet Press Office Closed	
Swiss authorities yesterday closed the <i>Novosti</i> office in Bern, expelled its only Soviet correspondent, and arrested its two Swiss employees. The government accused the office of interfering in the antinuclear and peace movements in Switzerland and stated it would remain closed for the time being.	25X1
Comment : In the past year two Soviet military attaches accused of espionage were forced to leave Switzerland, and a Polish attache found with Swiss military documents was banned from returning to his post after a trip home for medical treatment. Bern's actions yesterday probably reflect a growing determination to restrict	
Communist espionage activities in Switzerland.	25 X 1

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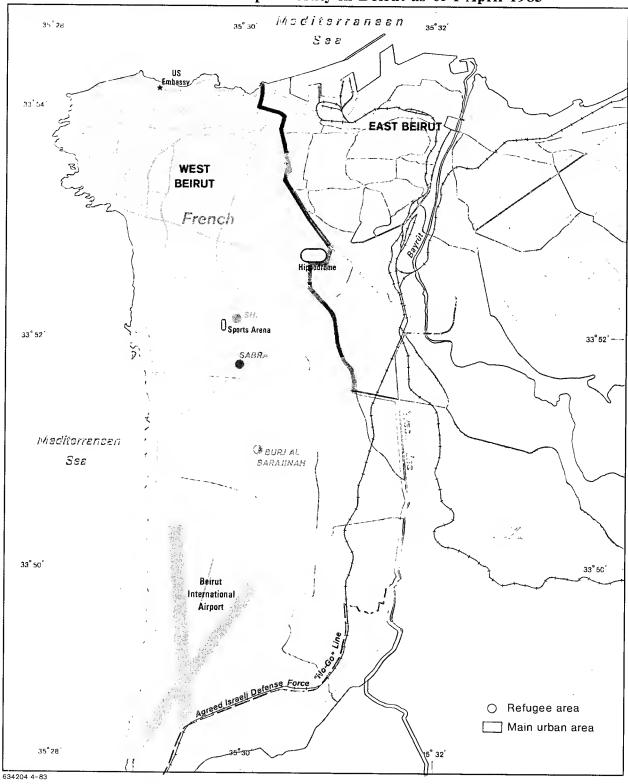
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BAHRAIN-SAUDI ARABIA: Threat From Oil Sp	pill	
Oil from the damaged offshore well at Nownorth of Bahrain and northeast of the Saudi Ara Tanura. Bahraini officials expect the slick will fir from Umm Nasan to Sanabis and then move ea Additional fragmented slicks as large as 7 kilon	abian coast, near Has rst pollute shorelines ast toward Manama.	
meters wide have been reported to the north.		25X1
Comment: Strong winds are pushing the p Arabia and Bahrain. If they persist, some of the on the affected coasts would probably have to long as the oil remains in the area. Any water s	e desalinization plants cease operation as	05)/4
would be localized.		25X1
ALGERIA-ITALY: Gas Accord Signed		
	d Roma of the final	
The signature on Wednesday by Algiers an agreement for the purchase of Algerian natural begin flowing through the trans-Mediterranean possibly as early as June. The last obstacle wa Italian Senate approved a subsidy to cover the sale price and the market price—to be paid to Italian gas company. An Italian official says Ro	I gas will allow gas to pipeline soon, so cleared when the difference between the the state-controlled	0574
deliberations about buying Soviet gas.		25X1
Comment: Rome will probably continue to deal with Moscow in order to reduce its large to USSR and to persuade it to lower gas prices. Algeria's major gasfields are likely to prevent it export commitments. Sales of oil exported through the greatest profit for Algeria, and Algiers profit for liquefied natural gas to the US and other cu	trade deficit with the Production problems in It from meeting all of its ough the pipeline offer pably will cut deliveries	
meet its commitments to Italy.		25X1

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Multinational Force Areas of Responsibility in Beirut as of 1 April 1983



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Special Analysis

WESTERN EUROPE-LEBANON: Status of the MNF

The mounting violence in Beirut has not shaken the commitment of France, Italy, and the UK to provide troops for the Multinational Force while negotiations on the future of Lebanon proceed. All three governments currently are prepared to take risks in order to assist the Lebanese Government and to advance their own foreign policies. The MNF has already been in place longer than expected, however, and both the British and Italian Governments may have second thoughts about their continued participation if the effort becomes too costly in lives or money.

The French evidently expect a lengthy stay in Lebanon, and Paris has indicated it is prepared to expand its contingent. Rome also expressed a willingness to consider increasing its participation.

There is growing concern, however, about the slow pace of the negotiations. The three governments are worried that, with each passing month, the danger to their troops will increase.

France hopes to strengthen longstanding ties with Lebanon and to underscore its commitment to pursue a balanced policy in the region. Italy uses its participation to demonstrate an assertive foreign policy and to expand its role in Mediterranean affairs. The UK committed troops to show its support for the US peace initiative and to promote a role for London.

Composition and Operations

The MNF consists of about 5,300 US, French, Italian, and British troops. The French contingent of some 2,000 men includes paratroops and mine-clearing specialists from elite intervention forces.

Italy is contributing 700 support troops and 1,300 combat troops equipped with armored personnel carriers. A British armored reconnaissance unit with 100 troops and 22 armored scout cars joined the MNF in early February.

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The mission of the MNF, under ground rules worked of Lebanese and Israeli Governments, is to provide a "present assist the Lebanese Government in reestablishing its author Beirut area. The MNF troops conduct patrols and back up forces within the sectors for which they are responsible.	nce'' and to ority in the
French combat engineers also perform the dangerous clearing roads and buildings of mines, booby traps, and ur ammunition. Two Italian battalions have been assigned pratime to guarding refugee camps within their sector.	nexploded
Since January, there have been sporadic attacks on M Three attacks in mid-March left one Italian soldier dead an Italian, French, and US troops wounded.	NF patrols. nd several 25X1
The MNF contingents are not expected to prevent infili- engage militarily the warring factions in Lebanon. As a residues not see the MNF as a force capable of protecting its in preventing threats to its troops or territory.	ult. Israel
Prospects for Continuing Support	
French Defense Minister Hernu has said that Paris pro would agree to send another 1,500 troops if the US would expand its commitment. Defense and Foreign Ministry offic that public support for the MNF is substantial, but they wo France's contribution may appear to be excessive.	also cials claim
The French officials also would prefer that a multilateral peacekeeping force ultimately be brought under UN auspic perhaps in the form of an expansion of the UN Forces in Le Paris, however, probably would not make this a condition to continued participation.	ces, ebanon.
In Italy—as in the UK—public support for participation MNF is fragile and depends largely on holding down costs casualties. Following attacks in mid-March on Italian troop Italian parliament launched an inquiry and Defense Ministe led a delegation to Lebanon. During the inquiry, legislators questioned the cost of the operation—Italy is spending about 15 million per month to support its contingent—and the probenefits of Rome's involvement.	and s, the er Lagorio s out

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Lagorio successfully parried these questions during the parliamentary debate, and both he and Foreign Minister Colombo have since reiterated Rome's support for the MNF. Although the coming election probably will not lead to a change in these policies, Rome's determination could erode over time.

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After the bombing of the US Embassy in Beirut, Colombo said that, without progress on troop withdrawals, Italy might be forced to reconsider the political basis of its commitment. Moreover, the government has pledged not to expand Italy's commitment without consultation with parliament.

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The British Government is likely to agree to extend its contingent from May to August, but its contingency financing for the effort will be exhausted by the end of the summer. Unless the Ministry of Defense picks up the bill, the British unit will have to be withdrawn at that time. In addition, the public reaction to any British casualties probably would force the government to rethink its willingness to participate.

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